PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX AMENDMENTS
2008 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: John Dougall
Senate Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser
LONG TITLE
Committee Note:
The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee recommended this bill.
General Description:
This bill amends the Property Tax Act and the chapter relating to the collection of
certain personal property taxes and the calculation of the certified tax rate.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
<ul> <li>amends the time period within which a county assessor or treasurer is required to</li> </ul>
deposit its collections of personal property tax revenue with the state treasurer or a
qualified depository for the credit of the state;
<ul> <li>creates two depreciation schedules for certain classes of taxable tangible personal</li> </ul>
property;
<ul> <li>allows a person to elect to designate certain taxable tangible personal property as</li> </ul>
"expensed personal property" for valuation and taxing purposes;
<ul> <li>starting January 1, 2010, requires the Tax Commission to develop depreciation</li> </ul>
schedules for short life expensed personal property and long life expensed personal
property;
<ul> <li>prohibits a county from requiring a person to itemize the person's expensed personal</li> </ul>
property;



28	<ul> <li>amends the date within which a person is required to file a statement with the</li> </ul>
29	county assessor's office listing the person's real and personal property;
30	<ul> <li>eliminates the certified mailing requirement for a county assessor when the county</li> </ul>
31	assessor notifies a personal property taxpayer that the personal property taxpayer's
32	signed statement is past due;
33	<ul><li>amends the formula for the calculation of the certified tax rate;</li></ul>
34	<ul> <li>requires the portions of the certified tax rate calculation that relate to personal</li> </ul>
35	property values to be based on the prior year's personal property values;
36	<ul> <li>amends the exemption amount for certain personal property;</li> </ul>
37	<ul> <li>exempts certain personal property with a residual value of 15% or less from</li> </ul>
38	taxation;
39	<ul> <li>amends the time period within which a personal property tax or uniform fee is due</li> </ul>
40	and
41	<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>
42	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
43	None
44	Other Special Clauses:
45	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2009.
46	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
47	AMENDS:
48	17-34-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, First Special Session, Chapter 9
49	17C-1-408, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
50	53A-16-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 12
51	53A-17a-133, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 26
52	53A-19-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 92
53	53A-19-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 122
54	59-2-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 86
55	59-2-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 39
56	<b>59-2-908</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 278
57	59-2-913, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 107
58	<b>59-2-914</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 278

59	<b>59-2-918</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapters 26 and 104
60	<b>59-2-924</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 107, and 329
61	59-2-1115, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 8
62	<b>59-2-1302</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 306
63	<b>59-2-1330</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapters 196 and 240
64	ENACTS:
65	<b>59-2-108</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
66	<b>59-2-924.2</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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68	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
69	Section 1. Section 17-34-3 is amended to read:
70	17-34-3. Taxes or service charges.
71	(1) (a) If a county furnishes the municipal-type services and functions described in
72	Section 17-34-1 to areas of the county outside the limits of incorporated cities or towns, the
73	entire cost of the services or functions so furnished shall be defrayed from funds that the county
74	has derived from:
75	(i) taxes that the county may lawfully levy or impose outside the limits of incorporated
76	towns or cities;
77	(ii) service charges or fees the county may impose upon the persons benefited in any
78	way by the services or functions; or
79	(iii) a combination of these sources.
80	(b) As the taxes or service charges or fees are levied and collected, they shall be placed
81	in a special revenue fund of the county and shall be disbursed only for the rendering of the
82	services or functions established in Section 17-34-1 within the unincorporated areas of the
83	county or as provided in Subsection 10-2-121(2).
84	(2) For the purpose of levying taxes, service charges, or fees provided in this section,
85	the county legislative body may establish a district or districts in the unincorporated areas of
86	the county.
87	(3) Nothing contained in this chapter may be construed to authorize counties to impose

[(4) (a) A county required under Subsection 17-34-1(4) to provide advanced life

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or levy taxes not otherwise allowed by law.

support and paramedic services to the unincorporated area of the county and that previously paid for those services through a countywide levy may increase its levy under Subsection (1)(a)(i) to generate in the unincorporated area of the county the same amount of revenue as the county loses from that area due to the required decrease in the countywide certified tax rate under Subsection 59-2-924(2)(k)(i):]

- [(b) An increase in tax rate under Subsection (4)(a) is exempt from the notice and hearing requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919.]
- [(5)] (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a county providing fire, paramedic, and police protection services in a designated recreational area, as provided in Subsection 17-34-1(5), may fund those services from the county general fund with revenues derived from both inside and outside the limits of cities and towns, and the funding of those services is not limited to unincorporated area revenues.
  - Section 2. Section 17C-1-408 is amended to read:

- 17C-1-408. Base taxable value to be adjusted to reflect other changes.
- (1) (a) (i) As used in this Subsection (1), "qualifying decrease" means:
- (A) a decrease of more than 20% from the previous tax year's levy; or
- (B) a cumulative decrease over a consecutive five-year period of more than 100% from the levy in effect at the beginning of the five-year period.
- (ii) The year in which a qualifying decrease under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) occurs is the fifth year of the five-year period.
- (b) If there is a qualifying decrease in the minimum basic school levy under Section 59-2-902 that would result in a reduction of the amount of tax increment to be paid to an agency:
- (i) the base taxable value of taxable property within the project area shall be reduced in the year of the qualifying decrease to the extent necessary, even if below zero, to provide the agency with approximately the same amount of tax increment that would have been paid to the agency each year had the qualifying decrease not occurred; and
- (ii) the amount of tax increment paid to the agency each year for the payment of bonds and indebtedness may not be less than what would have been paid to the agency if there had been no qualifying decrease.
- 120 (2) (a) The amount of the base taxable value to be used in determining tax increment

121	shall be:
122	(i) increased or decreased by the amount of an increase or decrease that results from:
123	(A) a statute enacted by the Legislature or by the people through an initiative;
124	(B) a judicial decision;
125	(C) an order from the State Tax Commission to a county to adjust or factor its
126	assessment rate under Subsection 59-2-704(2);
127	(D) a change in exemption provided in Utah Constitution Article XIII, Section 2, or
128	Section 59-2-103; or
129	(E) an increase or decrease in the percentage of fair market value, as defined under
130	Section 59-2-102; and
131	(ii) reduced for any year to the extent necessary, even if below zero, to provide an
132	agency with approximately the same amount of money the agency would have received without
133	a reduction in the county's certified tax rate if:
134	(A) in that year there is a decrease in the county's certified tax rate under Subsection
135	[ <del>59-2-924(2)(c) or (d)(i)</del> ] <u>59-2-924.2(2) or (3)(a)</u> ;
136	(B) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of the
137	previous year; and
138	(C) the decrease would result in a reduction of the amount of tax increment to be paid
139	to the agency.
140	(b) Notwithstanding an increase or decrease under Subsection (2)(a), the amount of tax
141	increment paid to an agency each year for payment of bonds or other indebtedness may not be
142	less than would have been paid to the agency each year if there had been no increase or
143	decrease under Subsection (2)(a).
144	Section 3. Section <b>53A-16-106</b> is amended to read:
145	53A-16-106. Annual certification of tax rate proposed by local school board
146	Inclusion of school district budget Modified filing date.
147	(1) Prior to June 22 of each year, each local school board shall certify to the county
148	legislative body in which the district is located, on forms prescribed by the State Tax
149	Commission, the proposed tax rate approved by the local school board.
150	(2) A copy of the district's budget, including items under Section 53A-19-101, and a
151	certified copy of the local school board's resolution which approved the budget and set the tax

rate for the subsequent school year beginning July 1 shall accompany the tax rate.

(3) If the tax rate approved by the board is in excess of the "certified tax rate" as defined under Subsection 59-2-924[(2)](3)(a), the date for filing the tax rate and budget adopted by the board shall be that established under Section 59-2-919.

Section 4. Section **53A-17a-133** is amended to read:

## 53A-17a-133. State-supported voted leeway program authorized -- Election requirements -- State guarantee -- Reconsideration of the program.

- (1) An election to consider adoption or modification of a voted leeway program is required if initiative petitions signed by 10% of the number of electors who voted at the last preceding general election are presented to the local school board or by action of the board.
- (2) (a) (i) To establish a voted leeway program, a majority of the electors of a district voting at an election in the manner set forth in Section 53A-16-110 must vote in favor of a special tax.
  - (ii) The tax rate may not exceed .002 per dollar of taxable value.
- (b) The district may maintain a school program which exceeds the cost of the program referred to in Section 53A-17a-145 with this voted leeway.
- (c) In order to receive state support the first year, a district must receive voter approval no later than December 1 of the year prior to implementation.
- (3) (a) Under the voted leeway program, the state shall contribute an amount sufficient to guarantee \$17.54 per weighted pupil unit for each .0001 of the first .0016 per dollar of taxable value.
- (b) The same dollar amount guarantee per weighted pupil unit for the .0016 per dollar of taxable value under Subsection (3)(a) shall apply to the board-approved leeway authorized in Section 53A-17a-134, so that the guarantee shall apply up to a total of .002 per dollar of taxable value if a school district levies a tax rate under both programs.
- (c) (i) Beginning July 1, 2005, the \$17.54 guarantee under Subsections (3)(a) and (b) shall be indexed each year to the value of the weighted pupil unit by making the value of the guarantee equal to .008544 times the value of the prior year's weighted pupil unit.
- (ii) The guarantee shall increase by .0005 times the value of the prior year's weighted pupil unit for each succeeding year until the guarantee is equal to .010544 times the value of the prior year's weighted pupil unit.

(d) (i) The amount of state guarantee money to which a school district would otherwise be entitled to under this Subsection (3) may not be reduced for the sole reason that the district's levy is reduced as a consequence of changes in the certified tax rate under Section 59-2-924 pursuant to changes in property valuation.

- (ii) Subsection (3)(d)(i) applies for a period of two years following any such change in the certified tax rate.
- (4) (a) An election to modify an existing voted leeway program is not a reconsideration of the existing program unless the proposition submitted to the electors expressly so states.
- (b) A majority vote opposing a modification does not deprive the district of authority to continue an existing program.
- (c) If adoption of a leeway program is contingent upon an offset reducing other local school board levies, the board must allow the electors, in an election, to consider modifying or discontinuing the program prior to a subsequent increase in other levies that would increase the total local school board levy.
- (d) Nothing contained in this section terminates, without an election, the authority of a school district to continue an existing voted leeway program previously authorized by the voters.
- (5) Notwithstanding Section 59-2-918, a school district may budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from a voted leeway imposed under this section in addition to revenue from new growth as defined in Subsection 59-2-924[(2)](4), without having to comply with the advertisement requirements of Section 59-2-918, if the voted leeway is approved:
  - (a) in accordance with Section 53A-16-110 on or after January 1, 2003; and
- (b) within the four-year period immediately preceding the year in which the school district seeks to budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from the voted leeway.
- (6) Notwithstanding Section 59-2-919, a school district may levy a tax rate under this section that exceeds the certified tax rate without having to comply with the advertisement requirements of Section 59-2-919 if:
- (a) the levy exceeds the certified tax rate as the result of a school district budgeting an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from a voted leeway imposed

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under this section; and

215	(b) if the voted leeway was approved:
216	(i) in accordance with Section 53A-16-110 on or after January 1, 2003; and
217	(ii) within the four-year period immediately preceding the year in which the school
218	district seeks to budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from
219	the voted leeway.
220	Section 5. Section <b>53A-19-102</b> is amended to read:
221	53A-19-102. Local school boards budget procedures.
222	(1) Prior to June 22 of each year, each local school board shall adopt a budget and
223	make appropriations for the next fiscal year. If the tax rate in the proposed budget exceeds the
224	certified tax rate defined in [Subsection] Section 59-2-924[(2)], the board shall comply with
225	Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 in adopting the budget, except as provided by Section
226	53A-17a-133.
227	(2) Prior to the adoption of a budget containing a tax rate which does not exceed the
228	certified tax rate, the board shall hold a public hearing, as defined in Section 10-9a-103, on the
229	proposed budget. In addition to complying with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings
230	Act, in regards to the hearing, the board shall do the following:
231	(a) publish the required newspaper notice at least ten days prior to the hearing; and
232	(b) file a copy of the proposed budget with the board's business administrator for public
233	inspection at least ten days prior to the hearing.
234	(3) The board shall file a copy of the adopted budget with the state auditor and the
235	State Board of Education.
236	Section 6. Section <b>53A-19-105</b> is amended to read:
237	53A-19-105. School district interfund transfers.
238	(1) A school district shall spend revenues only within the fund for which they were
239	originally authorized, levied, collected, or appropriated.
240	(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, school district interfund transfers of
241	residual equity are prohibited.
242	(3) The State Board of Education may authorize school district interfund transfers of
243	residual equity when a district states its intent to create a new fund or expand, contract, or
244	liquidate an existing fund.

245	(4) The State Board of Education may also authorize school district interfund transfers
246	of residual equity for a financially distressed district if the board determines the following:
247	(a) the district has a significant deficit in its maintenance and operations fund caused
248	by circumstances not subject to the administrative decisions of the district;
249	(b) the deficit cannot be reasonably reduced under Section 53A-19-104; and
250	(c) without the transfer, the school district will not be capable of meeting statewide
251	educational standards adopted by the State Board of Education.
252	(5) The board shall develop standards for defining and aiding financially distressed
253	school districts under this section in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
254	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
255	(6) (a) All debt service levies not subject to certified tax rate hearings shall be recorded
256	and reported in the debt service fund.
257	(b) Debt service levies under Subsection 59-2-924[(2)(a)(v)(C)](3)(e)(iii) that are not
258	subject to the certified tax rate hearing requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 may
259	not be used for any purpose other than retiring general obligation debt.
260	(c) Amounts from these levies remaining in the debt service fund at the end of a fiscal
261	year shall be used in subsequent years for general obligation debt retirement.
262	(d) Any amounts left in the debt service fund after all general obligation debt has been
263	retired may be transferred to the capital projects fund upon completion of the budgetary hearing
264	process required under Section 53A-19-102.
265	Section 7. Section <b>59-2-108</b> is enacted to read:
266	59-2-108. Depreciation schedule for certain taxable tangible personal property.
267	(1) As used in this section:
268	(a) (i) "Acquisition cost" means all costs required to put an item of tangible personal
269	property into service; and
270	(ii) includes:
271	(A) the purchase price for a new or used item;
272	(B) the cost of freight and shipping;
273	(C) the cost of installation, engineering, erection, or assembly; and
274	(D) sales and use taxes.
275	(b) "Expensed personal property" means an item of taxable tangible personal property

276	<u>that:</u>
277	(i) has an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or less; and
278	(ii) a person elects to have assessed according to a schedule described in Subsection (4)
279	<u>or (5).</u>
280	(c) (i) "Item of taxable tangible personal property" does not include taxable tangible
281	personal property permanently attached to real property as defined in Section 59-12-102.
282	(ii) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
283	the commission may make rules defining the term "item of taxable tangible personal property."
284	(d) (i) "Long life expensed personal property" means expensed personal property that is
285	the same type as the following personal property:
286	(A) computer integrated machinery;
287	(B) long life trade fixtures;
288	(C) medical and dental equipment;
289	(D) machinery and equipment;
290	(E) heavy equipment; or
291	(F) long life property.
292	(ii) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
293	the commission may make rules defining the following terms:
294	(A) "computer integrated machinery";
295	(B) "long life trade fixtures";
296	(C) "medical and dental equipment";
297	(D) "machinery equipment";
298	(E) "heavy equipment"; and
299	(F) "long life property."
300	(e) (i) "Short life expensed personal property" means expensed personal property that is
301	the same type as the following personal property:
302	(A) short life property;
303	(B) short life trade fixtures; or
304	(C) computer hardware.
305	(ii) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
306	the commission may make rules defining the following terms:

307	(A) "short life property";
308	(B) "short life trade fixtures"; and
309	(C) "computer hardware."
310	(f) "Taxable tangible personal property" means tangible personal property that is
311	subject to taxation under this chapter.
312	(2) (a) A person may elect to designate taxable tangible personal property as expensed
313	personal property.
314	(b) A county shall not require a person to:
315	(i) itemize expensed personal property on the signed statement described in Section
316	59-2-306; and
317	(ii) track expensed personal property.
318	(c) If a taxpayer's expensed personal property is audited in accordance with Subsection
319	59-2-306(3), a taxpayer shall provide proof of the acquisition price of the expensed personal
320	property.
321	(3) (a) An election to designate taxable tangible personal property as expensed personal
322	property under this section may not be revoked.
323	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), if an item of taxable tangible personal
324	property is designated as expensed personal property, the person must pay taxes according to
325	the taxable value determined by the schedule:
326	(i) for an item of short life expensed personal property, for a term designated by a
327	schedule described in Subsection (4); and
328	(ii) for an item of long life expensed personal property, for a term designated by the
329	schedule described in Subsection (5).
330	(c) If a person sells or otherwise disposes of an item of expensed personal property
331	prior to the time period described in Subsection (3)(b) or (d), the person shall continue to pay
332	taxes according to the schedule described in Subsection (4) or (5).
333	(d) If a person elects to designate an item of taxable tangible personal property
334	acquired before December 31, 2008, as expensed personal property at a time after the first year
335	after the item is acquired, the person must pay taxes according to the taxable value determined
336	by the schedule for a time period that equals:
337	(i) for an item of short life expensed personal property:

338	(A) the time period designated in Sub	section (3)(h)(i): less
339	•	ne person acquired the item of expensed personal
340	property and ending when the person designat	* *
341	property; and	ed the item as short me expensed personar
342	(ii) for an item of long life expensed p	parsonal property:
343		<del></del>
344	(A) the time period designated in Sub	
345		ne person acquired the item of expensed personal
	property and ending when the person designated the item as long life expensed personal	
346	property.	11. 4
347		ble tangible personal property as expensed
348		on (2)(a), the person may not appeal the values
349	described in Subsection (4) or (5).	
350		on January 1, 2009 and ending on December 31,
351	2009, the taxable value of short life expensed personal property is calculated by applying the	
352	percent good factor against the acquisition cos	st of the property as follows:
353	Short Life Expensed Personal Property Schedule	
354	<u>Year of</u>	Percent Good of
355	<u>Acquisition</u>	Acquisition Cost
356	<u>2008</u>	<u>69%</u>
357	<u>2007</u>	<u>52%</u>
358	<u>2006</u>	<u>30%</u>
359	<u>2005</u>	<u>17%</u>
360	<u>2004</u>	<u>11%</u>
361	(b) For taxable years beginning on or	after January 1, 2010, the taxable value of short
362	life expensed personal property shall be assess	sed according to a schedule developed by the
363	commission in accordance with Title 63, Chap	oter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
364	(5) (a) For the taxable year beginning	on January 1, 2009 and ending on December 31,
365	2009, the taxable value of long life expensed	personal property is calculated by applying the
366	percent good factor against the acquisition cos	st of the property as follows:
367	Long Life Expense	d Personal Property Schedule
368	Year of	Percent Good of

369	<u>Acquisition</u>	Acquisition Cost
370	<u>2008</u>	<u>94%</u>
371	<u>2007</u>	<u>86%</u>
372	<u>2006</u>	<u>82%</u>
373	<u>2005</u>	<u>74%</u>
374	<u>2004</u>	<u>65%</u>
375	<u>2003</u>	<u>54%</u>
376	<u>2002</u>	<u>44%</u>
377	<u>2001</u>	<u>34%</u>
378	<u>2000</u>	<u>23%</u>
379	<u>1999</u>	<u>18%</u>
380	<u>1998</u>	<u>12%</u>
381	(b) For taxable years beginning on or at	ter January 1, 2010, the taxable value of long
382	life expensed personal property shall be assessed	d according to a schedule developed by the
383	commission in accordance with Title 63, Chapt	er 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
384	Section 8. Section <b>59-2-306</b> is amended	I to read:
385	59-2-306. Statements by taxpayers	Power of assessors respecting statements.
386	(1) The county assessor may request a s	igned statement from any person setting forth
387	all the real and personal property assessable by	the assessor which is owned, possessed,
388	managed, or under the control of the person at 12 [o'clock] noon on January 1. [This	
389	statement]	
390	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection	n (2)(b) or (c), a signed statement described in
391	Subsection (1) shall be filed on or before May 1	5 of the year the statement described in
392	Subsection (1) is requested by the county assess	sor.
393	(b) For a county of the first class, the si	gned statement described in Subsection (1) shall
394	be filed [within 30] on the later of:	
395	(i) 60 days after requested by the assess	or[ <del>-</del> ] <u>; or</u>
396	(ii) on or before May 15 of the year the	statement described in Subsection (1) is
397	requested by the county assessor if, by resolution	n, the county legislative body of that county
398	adopts the deadline described in Subsection (2)	( <u>a).</u>
399	(c) If a county assessor requests a signe	d statement described in Subsection (1) on or

after March 16, the person shall file the signed statement within 60 days after requested by the assessor.

 $\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$  The signed statement shall include the following:

- (a) all property belonging to, claimed by, or in the possession, control, or management of the person, any firm of which the person is a member, or any corporation of which the person is president, secretary, cashier, or managing agent;
- (b) the county in which the property is located or in which it is taxable; and, if taxable in the county in which the signed statement was made, also the city, town, school district, road district, or other taxing district in which it is located or taxable; and
- (c) all lands in parcels or subdivisions not exceeding 640 acres each, the sections and fractional sections of all tracts of land containing more than 640 acres which have been sectionized by the United States Government, and the improvements on those lands.
- [(3)] (4) Every assessor may subpoena and examine any person in any county in relation to any signed statement but may not require that person to appear in any county other than the county in which the subpoena is served.
  - Section 9. Section **59-2-307** is amended to read:
- 59-2-307. Refusal by taxpayer to file signed statement -- Penalty -- Assessor to estimate value -- Reporting information to other counties.
- (1) (a) Each person who fails to file the signed statement required by Section 59-2-306, fails to file the signed statement with respect to name and place of residence, or fails to appear and testify when requested by the assessor, shall pay a penalty equal to 10% of the estimated tax due, but not less than \$100 for each failure to file a signed and completed statement.
- (b) Each penalty under Subsection (1)(a) shall be collected in the manner provided by Sections 59-2-1302 and 59-2-1303, except as otherwise provided for in this section, or by a judicial proceeding brought in the name of the assessor.
- (c) All money recovered by any assessor under this section shall be paid into the county treasury.
- (2) (a) The penalty imposed by Subsection (1)(a) may not be waived or reduced by the assessor, county, county Board of Equalization, or commission except pursuant to a procedure for the review and approval of reductions and waivers adopted by county ordinance, or by administrative rule adopted in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative

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431	Rulemaking Act.
432	(b) The penalty under Subsection (1)(a) for failure to appear and testify when requested
433	by the assessor may not be imposed until 30 days after the [certified] postmark date of mailing
434	of a subsequent [certified] notice.
435	(3) (a) If [any] an owner neglects or refuses to file [the] a signed statement [within 30]
436	days of the date the first county request was sent] requested by an assessor of a county of the
437	first class as required under Section 59-2-306, the assessor [shall] of a county of the first class:
438	(i) shall make:
439	(A) a subsequent request by [certified] mail for the signed statement, informing the
440	owner of the consequences of not filing a signed statement; and
441	(B) a record of the failure to file and an estimate of the value of the property of the
442	owner based on known facts and circumstances; and
443	(ii) may impose a fee for the actual and necessary expenses of the [certified] mailing
444	under Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A).
445	(b) The value fixed by the assessor may not be reduced by the county board of
446	equalization or by the commission.
447	(4) If the signed statement discloses property in any other county, the assessor shall file
448	the signed statement and send a [certified] copy to the assessor of each county in which the
449	property is located.
450	Section 10. Section <b>59-2-908</b> is amended to read:
451	59-2-908. Single aggregate limitation Maximum levy.
452	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), each county shall have a single aggregate
453	limitation on the property tax levied for all purposes by the county. Except as provided in
454	Section 59-2-911, this limitation may not exceed the maximum set forth in this section. The
455	maximum is:
456	(a) .0032 per dollar of taxable value in all counties with a total taxable value of more
457	than \$100.000.000; and

limitation provided in Subsection (1) if the rate established under Subsection (1)(a) or (b)

(b) .0036 per dollar of taxable value in all counties with a total taxable value of less

(2) (a) Beginning January 1, 1995, a county may impose a tax rate in excess of the

462	generates revenues for the county in an amount that is less than the revenues that would be
463	generated by the county under the certified tax rate established in [Subsection] Section
464	59-2-924[ <del>(2)</del> ].
465	(b) A county meeting the requirements of Subsection (2)(a) may impose a tax rate that
466	does not exceed the certified tax rate established in [Subsection] Section 59-2-924[ $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ ].
467	Section 11. Section <b>59-2-913</b> is amended to read:
468	59-2-913. Definitions Statement of amount and purpose of levy Contents of
469	statement Filing with county auditor Transmittal to commission Calculations for
470	establishing tax levies Format of statement.
471	(1) As used in this section, "budgeted property tax revenues" does not include property
472	tax revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is:
473	(a) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
474	(b) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
475	(2) (a) The legislative body of each taxing entity shall file a statement as provided in
476	this section with the county auditor of the county in which the taxing entity is located.
477	(b) The auditor shall annually transmit the statement to the commission:
478	(i) before June 22; or
479	(ii) with the approval of the commission, on a subsequent date prior to the date
480	established under Section 59-2-1317 for mailing tax notices.
481	(c) The statement shall contain the amount and purpose of each levy fixed by the
482	legislative body of the taxing entity.
483	(3) For purposes of establishing the levy set for each of a taxing entity's applicable
484	funds, the legislative body of the taxing entity shall calculate an amount determined by dividing
485	the budgeted property tax revenues, specified in a budget which has been adopted and
486	approved prior to setting the levy, by the amount calculated under Subsections
487	59-2-924[ <del>(2)(a)(iii)(B)(I) through (III)</del> ] <u>(3)(c)(ii)(A) through (C)</u> .
488	(4) The format of the statement under this section shall:
489	(a) be determined by the commission; and
490	(b) cite any applicable statutory provisions that:
491	(i) require a specific levy; or
492	(ii) limit the property tax levy for any taxing entity.

493	(5) The commission may require certification that the information submitted on a
494	statement under this section is true and correct.
495	Section 12. Section <b>59-2-914</b> is amended to read:
496	59-2-914. Excess levies Commission to recalculate levy Notice to implement
497	adjusted levies to county auditor.
498	(1) If the commission determines that a levy established for a taxing entity set under
499	Section 59-2-913 is in excess of the maximum levy permitted by law, the commission shall:
500	(a) lower the levy so that it is set at the maximum level permitted by law;
501	(b) notify the taxing entity which set the excessive rate that the rate has been lowered;
502	and
503	(c) notify the county auditor of the county or counties in which the taxing entity is
504	located to implement the rate established by the commission.
505	(2) A levy set for a taxing entity by the commission under this section shall be the
506	official levy for that taxing entity unless:
507	(a) the taxing entity lowers the levy established by the commission; or
508	(b) the levy is subsequently modified by a court order.
509	(3) (a) Subject to the provisions of Subsections (1) and (2), beginning January 1, 1995,
510	a taxing entity may impose a tax rate in excess of the maximum levy permitted by law if the
511	rate established by the taxing entity for the current year generates revenues for the taxing entity
512	in an amount that is less than the revenues that would be generated by the taxing entity under
513	the certified tax rate established in [Subsection] Section 59-2-924[(2)].
514	(b) A taxing entity meeting the requirements of Subsection (3)(a) may impose a tax
515	rate that does not exceed the certified rate established in [Subsection] Section 59-2-924[(2)].
516	Section 13. Section <b>59-2-918</b> is amended to read:
517	59-2-918. Advertisement of proposed tax increase Notice Contents.
518	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a taxing entity may not budget an
519	increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue exclusive of revenue from new growth as defined
520	in Subsection 59-2-924[(2)](4) unless it advertises its intention to do so at the same time that it
521	advertises its intention to fix its budget for the forthcoming fiscal year.
522	(b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a taxing entity is not required to meet the
523	advertisement or hearing requirements of this section if:

524	(A) the taxing entity:
525	(I) collected less than \$15,000 in ad valorem tax revenues for the previous fiscal year;
526	or
527	(II) is expressly exempted by law from complying with the requirements of this
528	section; or
529	(B) the increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue results from a tax rate increase that
530	is exempted under Subsection 59-2-919(1)(a)(ii)(B) from the advertisement and hearing
531	requirements of Section 59-2-919.
532	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a taxing entity is not required to meet the
533	advertisement requirements of this section if Section 53A-17a-133 allows the taxing entity to
534	budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue without having to comply with
535	the advertisement requirements of this section.
536	(2) (a) For taxing entities operating under a July 1 through June 30 fiscal year, the
537	advertisement required by this section may be combined with the advertisement required by
538	Section 59-2-919.
539	(b) For taxing entities operating under a January 1 through December 31 fiscal year,
540	the advertisement required by this section shall meet the size, type, placement, and frequency
541	requirements established under Section 59-2-919.
542	(3) The form of the advertisement required by this section shall meet the size, type,
543	placement, and frequency requirements established under Section 59-2-919 and shall be
544	substantially as follows:
545	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE
546	(NAME OF TAXING ENTITY)
547	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue.
548	• If the proposed budget is approved, this would be an increase of% above
549	the (name of the taxing entity) property tax budgeted revenue for the prior year.
550	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the average value of a residence
551	in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would
552	increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
553	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the value of a business having
554	the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity) business

555	would increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
556	All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase.
557	PUBLIC HEARING
558	Date/Time: (date) (time)
559	Location: (name of meeting place and address of meeting place)
560	To obtain more information regarding the tax increase, citizens may contact the (name
561	of the taxing entity) at (phone number of taxing entity)."
562	(4) If a final decision regarding the budgeting of an increased amount of ad valorem tax
563	revenue is not made at the public hearing described in Subsection (3), the taxing entity shall
564	announce at the public hearing the scheduled time and place for consideration and adoption of
565	the proposed budget increase.
566	(5) (a) Each taxing entity operating under the January 1 through December 31 fiscal
567	year shall by March 1 notify the county of the date, time, and place of the public hearing at
568	which the budget for the following fiscal year will be considered.
569	(b) The county shall include the information described in Subsection (5)(a) with the tax
570	notice.
571	(6) A taxing entity shall hold a public hearing under this section beginning at or after 6
572	p.m.
573	Section 14. Section <b>59-2-924</b> is amended to read:
574	59-2-924. Report of valuation of property to county auditor and commission
575	Transmittal by auditor to governing bodies Certified tax rate Calculation of certified
576	tax rate Rulemaking authority Adoption of tentative budget.
577	(1) [(a)] Before June 1 of each year, the county assessor of each county shall deliver to
578	the county auditor and the commission the following statements:
579	[(i)] (a) a statement containing the aggregate valuation of all taxable <u>real</u> property in
580	each taxing entity; and
581	[(ii)] (b) a statement containing the taxable value of [any additional] all personal
582	property [estimated by the county assessor to be subject to taxation in the current year] from
583	the prior year end values.
584	[(b)] (2) The county auditor shall, on or before June 8, transmit to the governing body
585	of each taxing entity:

586	$[\underbrace{(i)}]$ (a) the statements described in Subsections (1)(a)[ $\underbrace{(i)}$ ] and [ $\underbrace{(ii)}$ ] (b);
587	[(ii)] (b) an estimate of the revenue from personal property;
588	[(iii)] (c) the certified tax rate; and
589	[(iv)] (d) all forms necessary to submit a tax levy request.
590	[(2)] (3) (a) [(i)] The "certified tax rate" means a tax rate that will provide the same ad
591	valorem property tax revenues for a taxing entity as were budgeted by that taxing entity for the
592	prior year.
593	[(ii)] (b) For purposes of this Subsection [(2), "ad] (3):
594	(i) "Ad valorem property tax revenues" do not include:
595	(A) collections from redemptions;
596	(B) interest;
597	(C) penalties; and
598	(D) revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is:
599	(I) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
600	(II) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
601	(ii) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" means:
602	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all real property assessed by a county assessor in
603	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year;
604	(B) the aggregate taxable year end value of all personal property assessed by a county
605	assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the prior year; and
606	(C) the aggregate taxable value of all real and personal property assessed by the
607	commission in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year.
608	[(iii) (A)] (c) (i) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the certified tax rate shall
609	be calculated by dividing the ad valorem property tax revenues budgeted for the prior year by
610	the taxing entity by the amount calculated under Subsection $[\frac{(2)(a)(iii)(B)}{(2)(a)(iii)(B)}]$
611	[ $(B)$ ] $(ii)$ For purposes of Subsection [ $(2)(a)(iii)(A)$ ] $(3)(c)(i)$ , the legislative body of a
612	taxing entity shall calculate an amount as follows:
613	[(1)] (A) calculate for the taxing entity the difference between:
614	[(Aa)] (I) the aggregate taxable value of all property taxed; and
615	[(Bb)] (II) any redevelopment adjustments for the current calendar year;
616	[(H)] (B) after making the calculation required by Subsection $[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(I)]$

617	(3)(c)(ii)(A), calculate an amount determined by increasing or decreasing the amount
618	calculated under Subsection $[\frac{(2)(a)(iii)(B)(I)}{(3)(c)(ii)(A)}$ by the average of the percentage net
619	change in the value of taxable property for the equalization period for the three calendar years
620	immediately preceding the current calendar year;
621	[(HH)] (C) after making the calculation required by Subsection $[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(H)]$
622	(3)(c)(ii)(B), calculate the product of:
623	[(Aa)] (I) the amount calculated under Subsection $[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(II)]$ (3)(c)(ii)(B); and
624	[(Bb)] (II) the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years
625	immediately preceding the current calendar year; and
626	[(IV)] (D) after making the calculation required by Subsection [(2)(a)(iii)(B)(III)]
627	(3)(c)(ii)(C), calculate an amount determined by subtracting from the amount calculated under
628	Subsection $[\frac{(2)(a)(iii)(B)(III)}{(3)(c)(ii)(C)}$ any new growth as defined in this section:
629	[(Aa)] (I) within the taxing entity; and
630	[(Bb)] (II) for the following calendar year:
631	(Aa) for new growth from real property, the current calendar year[-]; and
632	(Bb) for new growth from personal property, the prior calendar year.
633	[ $(C)$ ] (iii) For purposes of Subsection [ $(2)(a)(iii)(B)(I)$ ] (3)(c)(ii)(A), the aggregate
634	taxable value of all property taxed:
635	[(H)] (A) except as provided in Subsection $[(2)(a)(iii)(C)(H)]$ (3)(c)(iii)(B), includes:
636	(I) the total taxable value of the real [and personal] property contained on the tax rolls
637	of the taxing entity; and
638	(II) the total taxable year end value of the personal property contained on the prior
639	year's tax rolls of the taxing entity;
640	[(H)] (B) does not include the total taxable value of personal property contained on the
641	tax rolls of the taxing entity that is:
642	[(Aa)] (I) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment;
643	and
644	[(Bb)] (II) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
645	[(D)] (iv) For purposes of Subsection $[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(H)]$ (3)(c)(ii)(B), for calendar years
646	beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the value of taxable property does not include the value
647	of personal property that is:

648	[(1)] (A) within the taxing entity assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part
649	3, County Assessment; and
650	[(H)] (B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
651	[ $(E)$ ] $(v)$ For purposes of Subsection [ $(2)(a)(iii)(B)(III)(Bb)$ ] $(3)(c)(ii)(C)(II)$ , for
652	calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the percentage of property taxes collected
653	does not include property taxes collected from personal property that is:
654	[(1)] (A) within the taxing entity assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part
655	3, County Assessment; and
656	[(H)] (B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
657	[ <del>(F)</del> ] (vi) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(B), for calendar years beginning on or
658	after January 1, 2009, the value of taxable property does not include the value of personal
659	property that is within the taxing entity assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3,
660	County Assessment.
661	(vii) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
662	the commission may prescribe rules for calculating redevelopment adjustments for a calendar
663	year.
664	[(iv) (A)] (d) (i) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative
665	Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules determining the calculation of ad valorem
666	property tax revenues budgeted by a taxing entity.
667	[(B)] (ii) For purposes of Subsection $[(2)(a)(iv)(A)]$ (3)(d)(i), ad valorem property tax
668	revenues budgeted by a taxing entity shall be calculated in the same manner as budgeted
669	property tax revenues are calculated for purposes of Section 59-2-913.
670	[(v)] (e) The certified tax rates for the taxing entities described in this Subsection
671	$\left[\frac{(2)(a)(v)}{(3)(e)}\right]$ shall be calculated as follows:
672	[(A)] (i) except as provided in Subsection $[(2)(a)(v)(B)]$ (3)(e)(ii), for new taxing
673	entities the certified tax rate is zero;
674	[(B)] (iii) for each municipality incorporated on or after July 1, 1996, the certified tax
675	rate is:
676	[(1)] (A) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the levy imposed for
677	municipal-type services under Sections 17-34-1 and 17-36-9; and
678	[(H)] (B) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the levy imposed for general

679	county purposes and such other levies imposed solely for the municipal-type services identified
680	in Section 17-34-1 and Subsection 17-36-3(22); and
681	[(C)] (iii) for debt service voted on by the public, the certified tax rate shall be the
682	actual levy imposed by that section, except that the certified tax rates for the following levies
683	shall be calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-913 and this section:
684	[(1)] (A) school leeways provided for under Sections 11-2-7, 53A-16-110,
685	53A-17a-125, 53A-17a-127, 53A-17a-133, 53A-17a-134, 53A-17a-143, 53A-17a-145, and
686	53A-21-103; and
687	[(H)] (B) levies to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or
688	administrative orders under Section 59-2-906.3.
689	[(vi) (A)] (f) (i) A judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1328 or 59-2-1330 shall
690	be established at that rate which is sufficient to generate only the revenue required to satisfy
691	one or more eligible judgments, as defined in Section 59-2-102.
692	[(B)] (ii) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by the judgment levy shall not
693	be considered in establishing the taxing entity's aggregate certified tax rate.
694	[(b) (i)] (4) (a) For the purpose of calculating the certified tax rate, the county auditor
695	shall use <u>:</u>
696	(i) the taxable value of <u>real</u> property on the assessment roll[-]; and
697	(ii) the taxable year end value of personal property on the prior year's assessment roll.
698	[(ii)] (b) For purposes of Subsection $[(2)(b)(i)]$ (4)(a)(i), the taxable value of real
699	property on the assessment roll does not include[: (A)] new growth as defined in Subsection
700	[ <del>(2)(b)(iii); or</del> ] <u>(4)(c).</u>
701	[(B) the total taxable value of personal property contained on the tax rolls of the taxing
702	entity that is:]
703	[(I) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and]
704	[(H) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.]
705	[(iii)] (c) "New growth" means:
706	[(A)] (i) the difference between the increase in taxable value of <u>real property of</u> the
707	taxing entity from the previous calendar year to the current year; plus
708	(ii) the difference between the increase in taxable year end value of personal property
709	of the taxing entity from the year prior to the previous calendar year to the previous calendar

710	<u>year;</u> minus
711	[(B)] (iii) the amount of an increase in taxable value described in Subsection
712	$[\frac{(2)(b)(v)}{(4)(e)}]$
713	[(iv)] (d) For purposes of Subsection $[(2)(b)(iii)]$ (4)(c)(ii), the taxable value of
714	personal property of the taxing entity does not include the taxable value of personal property
715	that is:
716	[(A)] (i) contained on the tax rolls of the taxing entity if that property is assessed by a
717	county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
718	[(B)] (ii) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
719	[(v)] (e) Subsection [(2)(b)(iii)(B)] (4)(c)(iii) applies to the following increases in
720	taxable value:
721	[(A)] (i) the amount of increase to locally assessed real property taxable values
722	resulting from factoring, reappraisal, or any other adjustments; or
723	[(B)] (ii) the amount of an increase in the taxable value of property assessed by the
724	commission under Section 59-2-201 resulting from a change in the method of apportioning the
725	taxable value prescribed by:
726	[ <del>(I)</del> ] <u>(A)</u> the Legislature;
727	$\left[\frac{(H)}{(B)}\right]$ a court;
728	[(HH)] (C) the commission in an administrative rule; or
729	[(IV)] (D) the commission in an administrative order.
730	(f) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(ii), the taxable year end value of personal
731	property on the prior year's assessment roll does not include:
732	(i) new growth as defined in Subsection (4)(c); or
733	(ii) the total taxable year end value of personal property contained on the prior year's
734	tax rolls of the taxing entity that is:
735	(A) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
736	(B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
737	[(c) Beginning January 1, 1997, if a taxing entity receives increased revenues from
738	uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,
739	59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of any county imposing a sales and use tax under Chapte
740	12. Part 11. County Option Sales and Use Tax, the taxing entity shall decrease its certified tax

741	rate to offset the increased revenues.]
742	[(d) (i) Beginning July 1, 1997, if a county has imposed a sales and use tax under
743	Chapter 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the county's certified tax rate shall be:]
744	[(A) decreased on a one-time basis by the amount of the estimated sales and use tax
745	revenue to be distributed to the county under Subsection 59-12-1102(3); and]
746	[(B) increased by the amount necessary to offset the county's reduction in revenue
747	from uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1
748	59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of the decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection
749	<del>(2)(d)(i)(A).</del> ]
750	[(ii) The commission shall determine estimates of sales and use tax distributions for
751	purposes of Subsection (2)(d)(i).]
752	[(e) Beginning January 1, 1998, if a municipality has imposed an additional resort
753	communities sales tax under Section 59-12-402, the municipality's certified tax rate shall be
754	decreased on a one-time basis by the amount necessary to offset the first 12 months of
755	estimated revenue from the additional resort communities sales and use tax imposed under
756	<del>Section 59-12-402.</del> ]
757	[(f) (i) (A) For fiscal year 2000, the certified tax rate of each county required under
758	Subsection 17-34-1(4)(a) to provide advanced life support and paramedic services to the
759	unincorporated area of the county shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce
760	revenues in that fiscal year by an amount equal to the difference between the amount the county
761	budgeted in its 2000 fiscal year budget for advanced life support and paramedic services
762	countywide and the amount the county spent during fiscal year 2000 for those services,
763	excluding amounts spent from a municipal services fund for those services.]
764	[(B) For fiscal year 2001, the certified tax rate of each county to which Subsection
765	(2)(f)(i)(A) applies shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal
766	year by the amount that the county spent during fiscal year 2000 for advanced life support and
767	paramedic services countywide, excluding amounts spent from a municipal services fund for
768	those services.]
769	[(ii) (A) A city or town located within a county of the first class to which Subsection
770	(2)(f)(i) applies may increase its certified tax rate by the amount necessary to generate within
771	the city or town the same amount of revenues as the county would collect from that city or

772	town if the decrease under Subsection (2)(f)(i) did not occur.]
773	[(B) An increase under Subsection (2)(f)(ii)(A), whether occurring in a single fiscal
774	year or spread over multiple fiscal years, is not subject to the notice and hearing requirements
775	of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919.]
776	[(g) (i) The certified tax rate of each county required under Subsection 17-34-1(4)(b) to
777	provide detective investigative services to the unincorporated area of the county shall be
778	<del>decreased:</del> ]
779	[(A) in fiscal year 2001 by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal year
780	by at least \$4,400,000; and]
781	[(B) in fiscal year 2002 by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal year
782	by an amount equal to the difference between \$9,258,412 and the amount of the reduction in
783	revenues under Subsection (2)(g)(i)(A).]
784	[(ii) (A) (I) Beginning with municipal fiscal year 2002, a city or town located within a
785	county to which Subsection (2)(g)(i) applies may increase its certified tax rate to generate
786	within the city or town the same amount of revenue as the county would have collected during
787	county fiscal year 2001 from within the city or town except for Subsection (2)(g)(i)(A).
788	[(II) Beginning with municipal fiscal year 2003, a city or town located within a county
789	to which Subsection (2)(g)(i) applies may increase its certified tax rate to generate within the
790	city or town the same amount of revenue as the county would have collected during county
791	fiscal year 2002 from within the city or town except for Subsection (2)(g)(i)(B).
792	[(B) (I) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(g)(ii)(B)(II), an increase in the city or
793	town's certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(g)(ii)(A), whether occurring in a single fiscal year
794	or spread over multiple fiscal years, is subject to the notice and hearing requirements of
795	Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919.]
796	[(II) For an increase under this Subsection (2)(g)(ii) that generates revenue that does
797	not exceed the same amount of revenue as the county would have collected except for

[(Aa) publishes a notice that meets the size, type, placement, and frequency requirements of Section 59-2-919, reflects that the increase is a shift of a tax from one imposed by the county to one imposed by the city or town, and explains how the revenues from the tax

Subsection (2)(g)(i), the requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 do not apply if the

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801 802 city or town:

803	increase will be used; and]
804	[(Bb) holds a public hearing on the tax shift that may be held in conjunction with the
805	city or town's regular budget hearing.]
806	[(h) (i) This Subsection (2)(h) applies to each county that:]
807	[(A) establishes a countywide special service district under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part
808	13, Utah Special Service District Act, to provide jail service, as provided in Subsection
809	<del>17A-2-1304(1)(a)(x); and</del> ]
810	[(B) levies a property tax on behalf of the special service district under Section
811	<del>17A-2-1322.</del> ]
812	[(ii) (A) The certified tax rate of each county to which this Subsection (2)(h) applies
813	shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce county revenues by the same amount of
814	revenues that will be generated by the property tax imposed on behalf of the special service
815	district.]
816	[(B) Each decrease under Subsection (2)(h)(ii)(A) shall occur contemporaneously with
817	the levy on behalf of the special service district under Section 17A-2-1322.]
818	[(i) (i) As used in this Subsection (2)(i):]
819	[(A) "Annexing county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included within
820	a fire district by annexation.]
821	[(B) "Annexing municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a
822	fire district by annexation.]
823	[(C) "Equalized fire protection tax rate" means the tax rate that results from:]
824	[(I) calculating, for each participating county and each participating municipality, the
825	property tax revenue necessary to cover all of the costs associated with providing fire
826	protection, paramedic, and emergency services:]
827	[(Aa) for a participating county, in the unincorporated area of the county; and]
828	[(Bb) for a participating municipality, in the municipality; and]
829	[(II) adding all the amounts calculated under Subsection (2)(i)(i)(C)(I) for all
830	participating counties and all participating municipalities and then dividing that sum by the
831	aggregate taxable value of the property, as adjusted in accordance with Section 59-2-913:]
832	[(Aa) for participating counties, in the unincorporated area of all participating counties
833	<del>and</del> ]

834	[(Bb) for participating municipalities, in all the participating municipalities.]
835	[(D) "Fire district" means a service area under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service
836	Area Act, in the creation of which an election was not required under Subsection
837	<del>17B-1-214(3)(c).</del> ]
838	[(E) "Fire protection tax rate" means:]
839	[(I) for an annexing county, the property tax rate that, when applied to taxable property
840	in the unincorporated area of the county, generates enough property tax revenue to cover all the
841	costs associated with providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services in the
842	unincorporated area of the county; and]
843	[(II) for an annexing municipality, the property tax rate that generates enough property
844	tax revenue in the municipality to cover all the costs associated with providing fire protection,
845	paramedic, and emergency services in the municipality.]
846	[(F) "Participating county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included
847	within a fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.]
848	[(G) "Participating municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a
849	fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.]
850	[(ii) In the first year following creation of a fire district, the certified tax rate of each
851	participating county and each participating municipality shall be decreased by the amount of
852	the equalized fire protection tax rate.]
853	[(iii) In the first year following annexation to a fire district, the certified tax rate of each
854	annexing county and each annexing municipality shall be decreased by the fire protection tax
855	<del>rate.</del> ]
856	[(iv) Each tax levied under this section by a fire district shall be considered to be levied
857	by:]
858	[(A) each participating county and each annexing county for purposes of the county's
859	tax limitation under Section 59-2-908; and]
860	[(B) each participating municipality and each annexing municipality for purposes of
861	the municipality's tax limitation under Section 10-5-112, for a town, or Section 10-6-133, for a
862	city.]
863	[(j) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2007, the calculation of a taxing
864	entity's certified tax rate shall be adjusted by the amount necessary to offset any change in the

865	certified tax rate that may result from excluding the following from the certified tax rate under
866	Subsection (2)(a) enacted by the Legislature during the 2007 General Session:
867	[(i) personal property tax revenue:]
868	[(A) received by a taxing entity;]
869	[(B) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
870	[(C) for personal property that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment; or]
871	[(ii) the taxable value of personal property:]
872	[(A) contained on the tax rolls of a taxing entity;]
873	[(B) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
874	[(C) that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment.]
875	$[\frac{3}{2}]$ (a) On or before June 22, each taxing entity shall annually adopt a tentative
876	budget.
877	(b) If the taxing entity intends to exceed the certified tax rate, it shall notify the county
878	auditor of:
879	(i) its intent to exceed the certified tax rate; and
880	(ii) the amount by which it proposes to exceed the certified tax rate.
881	(c) The county auditor shall notify all property owners of any intent to exceed the
882	certified tax rate in accordance with Subsection 59-2-919(2).
883	[(4) (a) The taxable value for the base year under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be
884	reduced for any year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal
885	agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community
886	Development and Renewal Agencies, with approximately the same amount of money the
887	agency would have received without a reduction in the county's certified tax rate if:]
888	[(i) in that year there is a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or
889	<del>(2)(d)(i);</del> ]
890	[(ii) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of
891	the previous year; and]
892	[(iii) the decrease results in a reduction of the amount to be paid to the agency under
893	<del>Section 17C-1-403 or 17C-1-404.</del> ]
894	[(b) The base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be increased in any
895	year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal agency with

896	approximately the same amount of money as the agency would have received without an
897	increase in the certified tax rate that year if:]
898	[(i) in that year the base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) is reduced due to
899	a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or (2)(d)(i); and]
900	[(ii) The certified tax rate of a city, school district, local district, or special service
901	district increases independent of the adjustment to the taxable value of the base year.]
902	[(c) Notwithstanding a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or
903	(2)(d)(i), the amount of money allocated and, when collected, paid each year to a community
904	development and renewal agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local
905	Government Entities - Community Development and Renewal Agencies, for the payment of
906	bonds or other contract indebtedness, but not for administrative costs, may not be less than that
907	amount would have been without a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or
908	<del>(2)(d)(i).</del> ]
909	Section 15. Section <b>59-2-924.2</b> is enacted to read:
910	59-2-924.2. Adjustments to the calculation of a taxing entity's certified tax rate.
911	(1) For purposes of this section, "certified tax rate" means a certified tax rate calculated
912	in accordance with Section 59-2-924.
913	(2) Beginning January 1, 1997, if a taxing entity receives increased revenues from
914	uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,
915	59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of any county imposing a sales and use tax under Chapter
916	12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the taxing entity shall decrease its certified tax
917	rate to offset the increased revenues.
918	(3) (a) Beginning July 1, 1997, if a county has imposed a sales and use tax under
919	Chapter 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the county's certified tax rate shall be:
920	(i) decreased on a one-time basis by the amount of the estimated sales and use tax
921	revenue to be distributed to the county under Subsection 59-12-1102(3); and
922	(ii) increased by the amount necessary to offset the county's reduction in revenue from
923	uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,
924	59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of the decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection
925	(3)(a)(i).
926	(b) The commission shall determine estimates of sales and use tax distributions for

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927	purposes of Subsection (3)(a).
928	(4) Beginning January 1, 1998, if a municipality has imposed an additional resort
929	communities sales tax under Section 59-12-402, the municipality's certified tax rate shall be
930	decreased on a one-time basis by the amount necessary to offset the first 12 months of
931	estimated revenue from the additional resort communities sales and use tax imposed under
932	Section 59-12-402.
933	(5) (a) This Subsection (5) applies to each county that:
934	(i) establishes a countywide special service district under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part 13,
935	Utah Special Service District Act, to provide jail service, as provided in Subsection
936	17A-2-1304(1)(a)(x); and
937	(ii) levies a property tax on behalf of the special service district under Section
938	<u>17A-2-1322.</u>
939	(b) (i) The certified tax rate of each county to which this Subsection (5) applies shall be
940	decreased by the amount necessary to reduce county revenues by the same amount of revenues
941	that will be generated by the property tax imposed on behalf of the special service district.
942	(ii) Each decrease under Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall occur contemporaneously with the
943	levy on behalf of the special service district under Section 17A-2-1322.
944	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6):
945	(i) "Annexing county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included within a
946	fire district by annexation.
947	(ii) "Annexing municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a fire
948	district by annexation.
949	(iii) "Equalized fire protection tax rate" means the tax rate that results from:
950	(A) calculating, for each participating county and each participating municipality, the
951	property tax revenue necessary to cover all of the costs associated with providing fire
952	protection, paramedic, and emergency services:
953	(I) for a participating county, in the unincorporated area of the county; and
954	(II) for a participating municipality, in the municipality; and
955	(B) adding all the amounts calculated under Subsection (6)(a)(iii)(A) for all
956	participating counties and all participating municipalities and then dividing that sum by the
957	aggregate taxable value of the property, as adjusted in accordance with Section 59-2-913:

958	(I) for participating counties, in the unincorporated area of all participating counties;
959	<u>and</u>
960	(II) for participating municipalities, in all the participating municipalities.
961	(iv) "Fire district" means a service area under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service
962	Area Act, in the creation of which an election was not required under Subsection
963	<u>17B-1-214(3)(c).</u>
964	(v) "Fire protection tax rate" means:
965	(A) for an annexing county, the property tax rate that, when applied to taxable property
966	in the unincorporated area of the county, generates enough property tax revenue to cover all the
967	costs associated with providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services in the
968	unincorporated area of the county; and
969	(B) for an annexing municipality, the property tax rate that generates enough property
970	tax revenue in the municipality to cover all the costs associated with providing fire protection,
971	paramedic, and emergency services in the municipality.
972	(vi) "Participating county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included
973	within a fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.
974	(vii) "Participating municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a
975	fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.
976	(b) In the first year following creation of a fire district, the certified tax rate of each
977	participating county and each participating municipality shall be decreased by the amount of
978	the equalized fire protection tax rate.
979	(c) In the first year following annexation to a fire district, the certified tax rate of each
980	annexing county and each annexing municipality shall be decreased by the fire protection tax
981	<u>rate.</u>
982	(d) Each tax levied under this section by a fire district shall be considered to be levied
983	<u>by:</u>
984	(i) each participating county and each annexing county for purposes of the county's tax
985	limitation under Section 59-2-908; and
986	(ii) each participating municipality and each annexing municipality for purposes of the
987	municipality's tax limitation under Section 10-5-112, for a town, or Section 10-6-133, for a
988	city.

989	(7) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2007, the calculation of a taxing
990	entity's certified tax rate, calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-924, shall be adjusted by
991	the amount necessary to offset any change in the certified tax rate that may result from
992	excluding the following from the certified tax rate under Subsection 59-2-924(3) enacted by the
993	Legislature during the 2007 General Session:
994	(a) personal property tax revenue:
995	(i) received by a taxing entity;
996	(ii) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
997	(iii) for personal property that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment; or
998	(b) the taxable value of personal property:
999	(i) contained on the tax rolls of a taxing entity;
1000	(ii) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
1001	(iii) that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
1002	(8) (a) The taxable value for the base year under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be
1003	reduced for any year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal
1004	agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community
1005	Development and Renewal Agencies, with approximately the same amount of money the
1006	agency would have received without a reduction in the county's certified tax rate, calculated in
1007	accordance with Section 59-2-924, if:
1008	(i) in that year there is a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a);
1009	(ii) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of the
1010	previous year; and
1011	(iii) the decrease results in a reduction of the amount to be paid to the agency under
1012	Section 17C-1-403 or 17C-1-404.
1013	(b) The base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be increased in any
1014	year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal agency with
1015	approximately the same amount of money as the agency would have received without an
1016	increase in the certified tax rate that year if:
1017	(i) in that year the base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) is reduced due to
1018	a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a); and
1019	(ii) the certified tax rate of a city, school district, local district, or special service

1020	district increases independent of the adjustment to the taxable value of the base year.
1021	(c) Notwithstanding a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a),
1022	the amount of money allocated and, when collected, paid each year to a community
1023	development and renewal agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local
1024	Government Entities - Community Development and Renewal Agencies, for the payment of
1025	bonds or other contract indebtedness, but not for administrative costs, may not be less than that
1026	amount would have been without a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or
1027	<u>(3)(a).</u>
1028	Section 16. Section <b>59-2-1115</b> is amended to read:
1029	59-2-1115. Exemption of certain tangible personal property.
1030	(1) For purposes of this section:
1031	(a) (i) "Acquisition cost" means all costs required to put an item of tangible personal
1032	property into service; and
1033	(ii) includes:
1034	(A) the purchase price for a new or used item;
1035	(B) the cost of freight and shipping;
1036	(C) the cost of installation, engineering, erection, or assembly; and
1037	(D) sales and use taxes.
1038	(b) (i) "Item of taxable tangible personal property" does not include taxable tangible
1039	personal property permanently attached to real property as defined in Section 59-12-102.
1040	(ii) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1041	the commission may make rules defining the term "item of taxable tangible personal property."
1042	(c) (i) "Taxable tangible personal property" means tangible personal property that is
1043	subject to taxation under this chapter.
1044	(ii) "Taxable tangible personal property" does not include:
1045	(A) tangible personal property required by law to be registered with the state before it
1046	<u>is used:</u>
1047	(I) on a public highway;
1048	(II) on a public waterway;
1049	(III) on public land; or
1050	(IV) in the air;

1051	(B) a mobile home as defined in Section 41-1a-102; or
1052	(C) a manufactured home as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
1053	[(1)] (2) (a) The taxable tangible personal property of a taxpayer is exempt from
1054	taxation if the taxable tangible personal property has a total aggregate fair market value per
1055	county of \$3,500 or less.
1056	[(b) For purposes of this section, "taxable tangible personal property" does not
1057	include:]
1058	[(i) tangible personal property required by law to be registered with the state before it is
1059	used:]
1060	[(A) on a public highway;]
1061	[(B) on a public waterway;]
1062	[ <del>(C) on public land; or</del> ]
1063	[(D) in the air;]
1064	[(ii) a mobile home as defined in Section 41-1a-102; or]
1065	[(iii) a manufactured home as defined in Section 41-1a-102.]
1066	(b) An item of taxable tangible personal property is exempt from taxation if the item of
1067	taxable tangible personal property:
1068	(i) has an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or less;
1069	(ii) has reached the residual value described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii) according to a
1070	personal property schedule:
1071	(A) published by the commission pursuant to Section 59-2-107; or
1072	(B) for an item of personal property that is designated as expensed personal property in
1073	accordance with Section 59-2-108, described in Section 59-2-108; and
1074	(iii) has a residual value of 15% or less.
1075	[(2)] (a) For calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, the commission
1076	shall increase the dollar amount described in Subsection [(1)] (2)(a):
1077	(i) by a percentage equal to the percentage difference between the consumer price
1078	index for the preceding calendar year and the consumer price index for calendar year 2006[-];
1079	<u>and</u>
1080	(ii) up to the nearest \$100 increment.
1081	(b) For purposes of this Subsection $[(2)](3)$ , the commission shall calculate the

1082 consumer price index as provided in Sections 1(f)(4) and 1(f)(5), Internal Revenue Code.

- (c) If the percentage difference under Subsection  $[(2)](3)(a)(\underline{i})$  is zero or a negative percentage, the consumer price index increase for the year is zero.
- [(3)] (4) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules to administer this section and provide for uniform implementation.
  - Section 17. Section **59-2-1302** is amended to read:

- 59-2-1302. Assessor or treasurer's duties -- Collection of uniform fees and taxes on personal property -- Unpaid tax or unpaid uniform fee is a lien -- Delinquency interest -- Rate.
- (1) After the assessor assesses taxes or uniform fees on personal property, the assessor or, if this duty has been reassigned in an ordinance under Section 17-16-5.5, the treasurer shall:
- (a) list the personal property tax or uniform fee as provided in Subsection (3) with the real property of the owner in the manner required by law if the assessor or treasurer, as the case may be, determines that the real property is sufficient to secure the payment of the personal property taxes or uniform fees;
  - (b) immediately collect the taxes or uniform fees due on the personal property; or
- (c) on or before the day on which the tax or uniform fee on personal property is due, obtain from the taxpayer a bond that is:
- (i) payable to the county in an amount equal to the amount of the tax or uniform fee due, plus 20% of the amount of the tax or uniform fee due; and
  - (ii) conditioned for the payment of the tax or uniform fee on or before November 30.
- (2) (a) An unpaid tax as defined in Section 59-1-705, or unpaid uniform fee upon personal property listed with the real property is a lien upon the owner's real property as of 12 o'clock noon of January 1 of each year.
- (b) An unpaid tax as defined in Section 59-1-705, or unpaid uniform fee upon personal property not listed with the real property is a lien upon the owner's personal property as of 12 o'clock noon of January 1 of each year.
- (3) The assessor or treasurer, as the case may be, shall make the listing under this section:
  - (a) on the record of assessment of the real property; or

1113	(b) by entering a reference showing the record of the assessment of the personal
1114	property on the record of assessment of the real property.
1115	(4) (a) The amount of tax or uniform fee assessed upon personal property is delinquent
1116	if the tax or uniform fee is not paid [within 30 days after] on the day on which the tax notice or
1117	the combined signed statement and tax notice [due] under Section 59-2-306 is [mailed] due.
1118	(b) Delinquent taxes or uniform fees under Subsection (4)(a) shall bear interest from
1119	the date of delinquency until the day on which the delinquent tax or uniform fee is paid at an
1120	interest rate equal to the sum of:
1121	(i) 6%; and
1122	(ii) the federal funds rate target:
1123	(A) established by the Federal Open Markets Committee; and
1124	(B) that exists on the January 1 immediately preceding the date of delinquency.
1125	(5) A county assessor or treasurer shall deposit all collections of public funds from a
1126	personal property tax or personal property uniform fee no later than once every seven banking
1127	days with:
1128	(a) the state treasurer; or
1129	(b) a qualified depository for the credit of the county.
1130	Section 18. Section <b>59-2-1330</b> is amended to read:
1131	59-2-1330. Payment of property taxes Payments to taxpayer by state or taxing
1132	entity Refund of penalties paid by taxpayer Refund of interest paid by taxpayer
1133	Payment of interest to taxpayer Judgment levy Objections to assessments by the
1134	commission Time periods for making payments to taxpayer.
1135	(1) Unless otherwise specifically provided by statute, property taxes shall be paid
1136	directly to the county assessor or the county treasurer:
1137	(a) on the date that the property taxes are due; and
1138	(b) as provided in this chapter.
1139	(2) A taxpayer shall receive payment as provided in this section if a reduction in the
1140	amount of any tax levied against any property for which the taxpayer paid a tax or any portion
1141	of a tax under this chapter for a calendar year is required by a final and unappealable judgment
1142	or order described in Subsection (3) issued by:
1143	(a) a county board of equalization;

1144

(b) the commission; or

1145	(c) a court of competent jurisdiction.
1146	(3) (a) For purposes of Subsection (2), the state or any taxing entity that has received
1147	property taxes or any portion of property taxes from a taxpayer described in Subsection (2)
1148	shall pay the taxpayer if:
1149	(i) the taxes the taxpayer paid in accordance with Subsection (2) are collected by an
1150	authorized officer of the:
1151	(A) county; or
1152	(B) state;
1153	(ii) the taxpayer obtains a final and unappealable judgment or order:
1154	(A) from:
1155	(I) a county board of equalization;
1156	(II) the commission; or
1157	(III) a court of competent jurisdiction;
1158	(B) against:
1159	(I) the taxing entity or an authorized officer of the taxing entity; or
1160	(II) the state or an authorized officer of the state; and
1161	(C) ordering a reduction in the amount of any tax levied against any property for which
1162	a taxpayer paid a tax or any portion of a tax under this chapter for the calendar year.
1163	(b) The amount that the state or a taxing entity shall pay a taxpayer shall be determined
1164	in accordance with Subsections (4) through (7).
1165	(4) For purposes of Subsections (2) and (3), the amount the state shall pay to a taxpayer
1166	is equal to the sum of:
1167	(a) if the difference described in this Subsection (4)(a) is greater than \$0, the difference
1168	between:
1169	(i) the tax the taxpayer paid to the state in accordance with Subsection (2); and
1170	(ii) the amount of the taxpayer's tax liability to the state after the reduction in the
1171	amount of tax levied against the property in accordance with the final and unappealable
1172	judgment or order described in Subsection (3);
1173	(b) if the difference described in this Subsection (4)(b) is greater than \$0, the difference
1174	between:

1175	(i) any penalties the taxpayer paid to the state in accordance with Section 59-2-1331;
1176	and
1177	(ii) the amount of penalties the taxpayer is liable to pay to the state in accordance with
1178	Section 59-2-1331 after the reduction in the amount of tax levied against the property in
1179	accordance with the final and unappealable judgment or order described in Subsection (3);
1180	(c) as provided in Subsection (6)(a), interest the taxpayer paid in accordance with
1181	Section 59-2-1331 on the amounts described in Subsections (4)(a) and (4)(b); and
1182	(d) as provided in Subsection (6)(b), interest on the sum of the amounts described in:
1183	(i) Subsection (4)(a);
1184	(ii) Subsection (4)(b); and
1185	(iii) Subsection (4)(c).
1186	(5) For purposes of Subsections (2) and (3), the amount a taxing entity shall pay to a
1187	taxpayer is equal to the sum of:
1188	(a) if the difference described in this Subsection (5)(a) is greater than \$0, the difference
1189	between:
1190	(i) the tax the taxpayer paid to the taxing entity in accordance with Subsection (2); and
1191	(ii) the amount of the taxpayer's tax liability to the taxing entity after the reduction in
1192	the amount of tax levied against the property in accordance with the final and unappealable
1193	judgment or order described in Subsection (3);
1194	(b) if the difference described in this Subsection (5)(b) is greater than \$0, the difference
1195	between:
1196	(i) any penalties the taxpayer paid to the taxing entity in accordance with Section
1197	59-2-1331; and
1198	(ii) the amount of penalties the taxpayer is liable to pay to the taxing entity in
1199	accordance with Section 59-2-1331 after the reduction in the amount of tax levied against the
1200	property in accordance with the final and unappealable judgment or order described in
1201	Subsection (3); and
1202	(c) as provided in Subsection (6)(a), interest the taxpayer paid in accordance with
1203	Section 59-2-1331 on the amounts described in Subsections (5)(a) and (5)(b); and
1204	(d) as provided in Subsection (6)(b), interest on the sum of the amounts described in:
1205	(i) Subsection (5)(a);

1206	(ii) Subsection (5)(b); and
1207	(iii) Subsection (5)(c).
1208	(6) Except as provided in Subsection (7):
1209	(a) interest shall be refunded to a taxpayer on the amount described in Subsection
1210	(4)(c) or (5)(c) in an amount equal to the amount of interest the taxpayer paid in accordance
1211	with Section 59-2-1331; and
1212	(b) interest shall be paid to a taxpayer on the amount described in Subsection (4)(d) or
1213	(5)(d):
1214	(i) beginning on the later of:
1215	(A) the day on which the taxpayer paid the tax in accordance with Subsection (2); or
1216	(B) January 1 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year for which
1217	the tax was due;
1218	(ii) ending on the day on which the state or a taxing entity pays to the taxpayer the
1219	amount required by Subsection (4) or (5); and
1220	(iii) at the interest rate earned by the state treasurer on public funds transferred to the
1221	state treasurer in accordance with Section 51-7-5.
1222	(7) Notwithstanding Subsection (6):
1223	(a) the state may not pay or refund interest to a taxpayer under Subsection (6) on any
1224	tax the taxpayer paid in accordance with Subsection (2) that exceeds the amount of tax levied
1225	by the state for that calendar year as stated on the notice required by Section 59-2-1317; and
1226	(b) a taxing entity may not pay or refund interest to a taxpayer under Subsection (6) on
1227	any tax the taxpayer paid in accordance with Subsection (2) that exceeds the amount of tax
1228	levied by the taxing entity for that calendar year as stated on the notice required by Section
1229	59-2-1317.
1230	(8) (a) Each taxing entity may levy a tax to pay its share of the final and unappealable
1231	judgment or order described in Subsection (3) if:
1232	(i) the final and unappealable judgment or order is issued no later than 15 days prior to
1233	the date the levy is set under Subsection 59-2-924[ $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ ](a);
1234	(ii) the amount of the judgment levy is included on the notice under Section 59-2-919;
1235	and
1236	(iii) the final and unappealable judgment or order is an eligible judgment, as defined in

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Subsection (3).

1237	Section 59-2-102.
1238	(b) The levy under Subsection (8)(a) is in addition to, and exempt from, the maximum
1239	levy established for the taxing entity.
1240	(9) (a) A taxpayer that objects to the assessment of property assessed by the
1241	commission shall pay, on or before the date of delinquency established under Subsection
1242	59-2-1331(1) or Section 59-2-1332, the full amount of taxes stated on the notice required by
1243	Section 59-2-1317 if:
1244	(i) the taxpayer has applied to the commission for a hearing in accordance with Section
1245	59-2-1007 on the objection to the assessment; and
1246	(ii) the commission has not issued a written decision on the objection to the assessment
1247	in accordance with Section 59-2-1007.
1248	(b) A taxpayer that pays the full amount of taxes due under Subsection (9)(a) is not
1249	required to pay penalties or interest on an assessment described in Subsection (9)(a) unless:
1250	(i) a final and unappealable judgment or order establishing that the property described
1251	in Subsection (9)(a) has a value greater than the value stated on the notice required by Section
1252	59-2-1317 is issued by:
1253	(A) the commission; or
1254	(B) a court of competent jurisdiction; and
1255	(ii) the taxpayer fails to pay the additional tax liability resulting from the final and
1256	unappealable judgment or order described in Subsection (9)(b)(i) within a 45-day period after
1257	the county bills the taxpayer for the additional tax liability.
1258	(10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), a payment that is required by this
1259	section shall be paid to a taxpayer:
1260	(i) within 60 days after the day on which the final and unappealable judgment or order
1261	is issued in accordance with Subsection (3); or
1262	(ii) if a judgment levy is imposed in accordance with Subsection (8):
1263	(A) if the payment to the taxpayer required by this section is \$5,000 or more, no later
1264	than December 31 of the year in which the judgment levy is imposed; and
1265	(B) if the payment to the taxpayer required by this section is less than \$5,000, within

60 days after the date the final and unappealable judgment or order is issued in accordance with

1268	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (10)(a), a taxpayer may enter into an agreement:
1269	(i) that establishes a time period other than a time period described in Subsection
1270	(10)(a) for making a payment to the taxpayer that is required by this section; and
1271	(ii) with:
1272	(A) an authorized officer of a taxing entity for a tax imposed by a taxing entity; or
1273	(B) an authorized officer of the state for a tax imposed by the state.
1274	Section 19. Effective date.
1275	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2009.

Legislative Review Note as of 12-20-07 6:56 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel